

## Exercise 6C

$$1 \text{ a } \mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

Step 1:

$$\begin{aligned} \det(\mathbf{A}) &= \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} \\ &= 1 \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} - 0 \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 \end{vmatrix} + 0 \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix} \\ &= 4 - 1 \\ &= 3 \end{aligned}$$

Step 2:

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{M} &= \begin{vmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} & \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 \end{vmatrix} & \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix} \\ \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} & \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{vmatrix} & \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix} \\ \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} & \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix} & \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{vmatrix} \end{vmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 4-1 & 0-0 & 0-0 \\ 0-0 & 2-0 & 1-0 \\ 0-0 & 1-0 & 2-0 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

Step 3:

$$\mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

Step 4:

$$\mathbf{C}^T = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

Step 5:

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{A}^{-1} &= \frac{1}{\det(\mathbf{A})} \mathbf{C}^T \\ &= \frac{1}{3} \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{2}{3} & -\frac{1}{3} \\ 0 & -\frac{1}{3} & \frac{2}{3} \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$\mathbf{1} \quad \mathbf{b} \quad \mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

Step 1:

$$\begin{aligned} \det(\mathbf{A}) &= \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{vmatrix} \\ &= 1 \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{vmatrix} - 0 \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{vmatrix} + 0 \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix} \\ &= 6 \end{aligned}$$

Step 2:

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{M} &= \begin{vmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{vmatrix} & \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{vmatrix} & \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix} \\ \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{vmatrix} & \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{vmatrix} & \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix} \\ \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 \end{vmatrix} & \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix} & \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{vmatrix} \end{vmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 6-0 & 0-0 & 0-0 \\ 0-0 & 3-0 & 0-0 \\ 0-0 & 0-0 & 2-0 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 6 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

Step 3:

$$\mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} 6 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

Step 4:

$$\mathbf{C}^T = \begin{pmatrix} 6 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

Step 5:

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{A}^{-1} &= \frac{1}{\det(\mathbf{A})} \mathbf{C}^T \\ &= \frac{1}{6} \begin{pmatrix} 6 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{3} \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$1 \text{ c } \mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{3}{5} & -\frac{4}{5} \\ 0 & \frac{4}{5} & \frac{3}{5} \end{pmatrix}$$

Step 1:

$$\begin{aligned} \det(\mathbf{A}) &= \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{3}{5} & -\frac{4}{5} \\ 0 & \frac{4}{5} & \frac{3}{5} \end{vmatrix} \\ &= 1 \begin{vmatrix} \frac{3}{5} & -\frac{4}{5} \\ \frac{4}{5} & \frac{3}{5} \end{vmatrix} - 0 \begin{vmatrix} 0 & -\frac{4}{5} \\ 0 & \frac{3}{5} \end{vmatrix} + 0 \begin{vmatrix} 0 & \frac{3}{5} \\ 0 & \frac{4}{5} \end{vmatrix} \\ &= \frac{9}{25} + \frac{16}{25} \\ &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

Step 2:

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{M} &= \begin{vmatrix} \frac{3}{5} & -\frac{4}{5} & 0 & -\frac{4}{5} & 0 & \frac{3}{5} \\ \frac{4}{5} & \frac{3}{5} & 0 & \frac{3}{5} & 0 & \frac{4}{5} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ \frac{4}{5} & \frac{3}{5} & 0 & \frac{3}{5} & 0 & \frac{4}{5} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ \frac{3}{5} & -\frac{4}{5} & 0 & -\frac{4}{5} & 0 & \frac{3}{5} \end{vmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} \frac{9}{25} + \frac{16}{25} & 0-0 & 0-0 \\ 0-0 & \frac{3}{5}-0 & \frac{4}{5}-0 \\ 0-0 & -\frac{4}{5}-0 & \frac{3}{5}-0 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{3}{5} & \frac{4}{5} \\ 0 & -\frac{4}{5} & \frac{3}{5} \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

Step 3:

$$\mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{3}{5} & -\frac{4}{5} \\ 0 & \frac{4}{5} & \frac{3}{5} \end{pmatrix}$$

Step 4:

$$\mathbf{C}^T = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{3}{5} & \frac{4}{5} \\ 0 & -\frac{4}{5} & \frac{3}{5} \end{pmatrix}$$

Step 5:

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{A}^{-1} &= \frac{1}{\det(\mathbf{A})} \mathbf{C}^T \\ &= \frac{1}{1} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{3}{5} & \frac{4}{5} \\ 0 & -\frac{4}{5} & \frac{3}{5} \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{3}{5} & \frac{4}{5} \\ 0 & -\frac{4}{5} & \frac{3}{5} \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$2 \text{ a } \mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -3 & 2 \\ 0 & -2 & 1 \\ 3 & 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

Step 1:

$$\begin{aligned} \det(\mathbf{A}) &= \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -3 & 2 \\ 0 & -2 & 1 \\ 3 & 0 & 2 \end{vmatrix} \\ &= 1 \begin{vmatrix} -2 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 \end{vmatrix} + 3 \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 \end{vmatrix} + 2 \begin{vmatrix} 0 & -2 \\ 3 & 0 \end{vmatrix} \\ &= (-4 - 0) + 3(0 - 3) + 2(0 + 6) \\ &= -4 - 9 + 12 \\ &= -1 \end{aligned}$$

Step 2:

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{M} &= \begin{vmatrix} -2 & 1 & | & 0 & 1 & | & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 2 & | & 3 & 2 & | & 3 & 0 \\ -3 & 2 & | & 1 & 2 & | & 1 & -3 \\ 0 & 2 & | & 3 & 2 & | & 3 & 0 \\ -3 & 2 & | & 1 & 2 & | & 1 & -3 \\ -2 & 1 & | & 0 & 1 & | & 0 & -2 \end{vmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} -4 - 0 & 0 - 3 & 0 + 6 \\ -6 - 0 & 2 - 6 & 0 + 9 \\ -3 + 4 & 1 - 0 & -2 - 0 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} -4 & -3 & 6 \\ -6 & -4 & 9 \\ 1 & 1 & -2 \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

Step 3:

$$\mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} -4 & 3 & 6 \\ 6 & -4 & -9 \\ 1 & -1 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

Step 4:

$$\mathbf{C}^T = \begin{pmatrix} -4 & 6 & 1 \\ 3 & -4 & -1 \\ 6 & -9 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

Step 5:

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{A}^{-1} &= \frac{1}{\det(\mathbf{A})} \mathbf{C}^T \\ &= \frac{1}{-1} \begin{pmatrix} -4 & 6 & 1 \\ 3 & -4 & -1 \\ 6 & -9 & -2 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -6 & -1 \\ -3 & 4 & 1 \\ -6 & 9 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$2 \text{ b } \mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 & 2 \\ 3 & -2 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Step 1:

$$\begin{aligned} \det(\mathbf{A}) &= \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 3 & 2 \\ 3 & -2 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} \\ &= 2 \begin{vmatrix} -2 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} - 3 \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} + 2 \begin{vmatrix} 3 & -2 \\ 2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} \\ &= 2(-2-1) - 3(3-2) + 2(3+4) \\ &= -6 - 3 + 14 \\ &= 5 \end{aligned}$$

Step 2:

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{M} &= \begin{vmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} -2 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} & \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} & \begin{vmatrix} 3 & -2 \\ 2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} \\ \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} & \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} & \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} \\ \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ -2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} & \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 \end{vmatrix} & \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 3 & -2 \end{vmatrix} \end{vmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} -2-1 & 3-2 & 3+4 \\ 3-2 & 2-4 & 2-6 \\ 3+4 & 2-6 & -4-9 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 1 & 7 \\ 1 & -2 & -4 \\ 7 & -4 & -13 \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

Step 3:

$$\mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} -3 & -1 & 7 \\ -1 & -2 & 4 \\ 7 & 4 & -13 \end{pmatrix}$$

Step 4:

$$\mathbf{C}^T = \begin{pmatrix} -3 & -1 & 7 \\ -1 & -2 & 4 \\ 7 & 4 & -13 \end{pmatrix}$$

Step 5:

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{A}^{-1} &= \frac{1}{\det(\mathbf{A})} \mathbf{C}^T \\ &= \frac{1}{5} \begin{pmatrix} -3 & -1 & 7 \\ -1 & -2 & 4 \\ 7 & 4 & -13 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{3}{5} & -\frac{1}{5} & \frac{7}{5} \\ -\frac{1}{5} & -\frac{2}{5} & \frac{4}{5} \\ \frac{7}{5} & \frac{4}{5} & -\frac{13}{5} \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$2 \text{ c } \mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 2 & -7 \\ 1 & -3 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

Step 1:

$$\begin{aligned} \det(\mathbf{A}) &= \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 2 & -7 \\ 1 & -3 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & -2 \end{vmatrix} \\ &= 3 \begin{vmatrix} -3 & 1 \\ 2 & -2 \end{vmatrix} - 2 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & -2 \end{vmatrix} - 7 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -3 \\ 0 & 2 \end{vmatrix} \\ &= 3(6-2) - 2(-2-0) - 7(2-0) \\ &= 12 + 4 - 14 \\ &= 2 \end{aligned}$$

Step 2:

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{M} &= \begin{vmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} -3 & 1 \\ 2 & -2 \end{vmatrix} & \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & -2 \end{vmatrix} & \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -3 \\ 0 & 2 \end{vmatrix} \\ \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -7 \\ 2 & -2 \end{vmatrix} & \begin{vmatrix} 3 & -7 \\ 0 & -2 \end{vmatrix} & \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 \end{vmatrix} \\ \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -7 \\ -3 & 1 \end{vmatrix} & \begin{vmatrix} 3 & -7 \\ 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} & \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ 1 & -3 \end{vmatrix} \end{vmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 6-2 & -2-0 & 2-0 \\ -4+14 & -6-0 & 6-0 \\ 2-21 & 3+7 & -9-2 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -2 & 2 \\ 10 & -6 & 6 \\ -19 & 10 & -11 \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$



Step 3:

$$\mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 2 & 2 \\ -10 & -6 & -6 \\ -19 & -10 & -11 \end{pmatrix}$$

Step 4:

$$\mathbf{C}^T = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -10 & -19 \\ 2 & -6 & -10 \\ 2 & -6 & -11 \end{pmatrix}$$

Step 5:

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{A}^{-1} &= \frac{1}{\det(\mathbf{A})} \mathbf{C}^T \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -10 & -19 \\ 2 & -6 & -10 \\ 2 & -6 & -11 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -5 & -\frac{19}{2} \\ 1 & -3 & -5 \\ 1 & -3 & -\frac{11}{2} \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$3 \text{ a } \mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Step 1:

$$\begin{aligned} \det(\mathbf{A}) &= \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix} \\ &= 1 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix} - 0 \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} + 1 \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 \end{vmatrix} \\ &= 1(1-0) - 0(0-0) + 1(0-2) \\ &= -1 \end{aligned}$$

Step 2:

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{M}_A &= \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \end{vmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 1-0 & 0-0 & 0-2 \\ 0-0 & 1-2 & 0-0 \\ 0-1 & 0-0 & 1-0 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

Step 3:

$$\mathbf{C}_A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Step 4:

$$\mathbf{C}_A^T = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \\ -2 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Step 5:

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{A}^{-1} &= \frac{1}{\det(\mathbf{A})} \mathbf{C}_A^T \\ &= \frac{1}{-1} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \\ -2 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$3 \text{ b } \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Step 1:

$$\begin{aligned} \det(\mathbf{B}) &= \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} \\ &= 2 \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} - 1 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} - 1 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} \\ &= 2(0-2) - 1(1-1) - 1(2-0) \\ &= -4 - 2 \\ &= -6 \end{aligned}$$

Step 2:

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{M}_{\mathbf{B}} &= \left\| \begin{array}{c|c|c} \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} & \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} & \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} \\ \hline \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} & \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} & \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} \\ \hline \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix} & \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} & \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{vmatrix} \end{array} \right\| \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 0-2 & 1-1 & 2-0 \\ 1+2 & 2+1 & 4-1 \\ 1-0 & 2+1 & 0-1 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 0 & 2 \\ 3 & 3 & 3 \\ 1 & 3 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

Step 3:

$$\mathbf{C}_{\mathbf{B}} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 0 & 2 \\ -3 & 3 & -3 \\ 1 & -3 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Step 4:

$$\mathbf{C}_{\mathbf{B}}^{\mathbf{T}} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 & -3 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 & -3 \\ 2 & -3 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Step 5:

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{B}^{-1} &= \frac{1}{\det(\mathbf{B})} \mathbf{C}_B^T \\ &= \frac{1}{-6} \begin{pmatrix} -2 & -3 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 & -3 \\ 2 & -3 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{6} \\ 0 & -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \\ -\frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{6} \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{3 \ c \ (AB)^{-1}} &= \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{2}{3} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \\ 1 & -\frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{2}{3} & \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} \\ \mathbf{B^{-1}A^{-1}} &= \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{6} \\ 0 & -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \\ -\frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{6} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{3}+0-\frac{1}{3} & 0+\frac{1}{2}+0 & \frac{1}{3}+0+\frac{1}{6} \\ 0+0+1 & 0-\frac{1}{2}+0 & 0+0-\frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{3}+0+\frac{1}{3} & 0+\frac{1}{2}+0 & -\frac{1}{3}+0-\frac{1}{6} \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{2}{3} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \\ 1 & -\frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{2}{3} & \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

Therefore,  $(\mathbf{AB})^{-1} = \mathbf{B}^{-1}\mathbf{A}^{-1}$  as required

$$4 \text{ a } \mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 3 \\ k & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \det(\mathbf{A}) &= \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 0 & 3 \\ k & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 4 \end{vmatrix} \\ &= 2 \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 4 \end{vmatrix} - 0 \begin{vmatrix} k & 1 \\ 1 & 4 \end{vmatrix} + 3 \begin{vmatrix} k & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} \\ &= 2(4-1) - 0(4k-1) + 3(k-1) \\ &= 6 + 3k - 3 \\ &= 3(k+1) \text{ as required} \end{aligned}$$

b

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{M} &= \begin{vmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 4 \end{vmatrix} & \begin{vmatrix} k & 1 \\ 1 & 4 \end{vmatrix} & \begin{vmatrix} k & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} \\ \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 3 \\ 1 & 4 \end{vmatrix} & \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 4 \end{vmatrix} & \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} \\ \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 3 \\ 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} & \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ k & 1 \end{vmatrix} & \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ k & 1 \end{vmatrix} \end{vmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 4-1 & 4k-1 & k-1 \\ 0-3 & 8-3 & 2-0 \\ 0-3 & 2-3k & 2-0 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 4k-1 & k-1 \\ -3 & 5 & 2 \\ -3 & 2-3k & 2 \end{pmatrix} \\ \mathbf{C} &= \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 1-4k & k-1 \\ 3 & 5 & -2 \\ -3 & 3k-2 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

Step 4:

$$\mathbf{C}^T = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 3 & -3 \\ 1-4k & 5 & 3k-2 \\ k-1 & -2 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

Step 5:

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{A}^{-1} &= \frac{1}{\det(\mathbf{A})} \mathbf{C}^T \\ &= \frac{1}{3(k+1)} \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 3 & -3 \\ 1-4k & 5 & 3k-2 \\ k-1 & -2 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$5 \quad \mathbf{A} = \mathbf{A}^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 & a & 4 \\ b & -7 & 8 \\ 2 & -2 & c \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{AA}^{-1} &= \begin{pmatrix} 5 & a & 4 \\ b & -7 & 8 \\ 2 & -2 & c \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 5 & a & 4 \\ b & -7 & 8 \\ 2 & -2 & c \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 25+ab+8 & 5a-7a-8 & 20+8a+4c \\ 5b-7b+16 & ab+49-16 & 4b-56+8c \\ 10-2b+2c & 2a+14-2c & 8-16+c^2 \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Since } \mathbf{AA}^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$25+ab+8=1 \quad \text{(1)}$$

$$5a-7a-8=0 \quad \text{(2)}$$

$$20+8a+4c=0 \quad \text{(3)}$$

From (2)

$$-2a=8 \Rightarrow a=-4$$

Substituting  $a=-4$  into (1) gives:

$$25-4b+8=1$$

$$33-4b=1 \Rightarrow b=8$$

Substituting  $a=-4$  into (3) gives:

$$20+8(-4)+4c=0$$

$$-12+4c=0 \Rightarrow c=3$$

$$6 \text{ a } \mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & 1 \\ 4 & -3 & 0 \\ -3 & 3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{A}^2 = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & 1 \\ 4 & -3 & 0 \\ -3 & 3 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & 1 \\ 4 & -3 & 0 \\ -3 & 3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 4-4-3 & -2+3+3 & 2+0+1 \\ 8-12+0 & -4+9+0 & 4+0+0 \\ -6+12-3 & 3-9+3 & -3+0+1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 4 & 3 \\ -4 & 5 & 4 \\ 3 & -3 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{A}^3 = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & 1 \\ 4 & -3 & 0 \\ -3 & 3 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 4 & 3 \\ -4 & 5 & 4 \\ 3 & -3 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -6+4+3 & 8-5-3 & 6-4-2 \\ -12+12+0 & 16-15+0 & 12-12+0 \\ 9-12+3 & -12+15-3 & -9+12-2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Therefore,  $\mathbf{A}^3 = \mathbf{I}$  as required

**b**  $\mathbf{AA}^2 = \mathbf{I}$  and  $\mathbf{AA}^{-1} = \mathbf{I}$

Therefore:

$$\mathbf{A}^2 = \mathbf{A}^{-1}$$

$$\mathbf{A}^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 4 & 3 \\ -4 & 5 & 4 \\ 3 & -3 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$7 \text{ a } \mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & -3 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{A}^2 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & -3 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & -3 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1+3+0 & 1-3+0 & 0+1+0 \\ 3-9+0 & 3+9+3 & 0-3+2 \\ 0+9+0 & 0-9+6 & 0+3+4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -2 & 1 \\ -6 & 15 & -1 \\ 9 & -3 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{A}^3 = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -2 & 1 \\ -6 & 15 & -1 \\ 9 & -3 & 7 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & -3 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 4-6+0 & 4+6+3 & 0-2+2 \\ -6+45+0 & -6-45-3 & 0+15-2 \\ 9-9+0 & 9+9+21 & 0-3+14 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 13 & 0 \\ 39 & -54 & 13 \\ 0 & 39 & 11 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{A}^3 = 13\mathbf{A} - 15\mathbf{I}$$

$$= 13 \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & -3 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix} - 15 \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 13 & 13 & 0 \\ 39 & -39 & 13 \\ 0 & 39 & 26 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 15 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 15 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 15 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 13 & 0 \\ 39 & -54 & 13 \\ 0 & 39 & 11 \end{pmatrix}$$

Therefore,  $\mathbf{A}^3 = 13\mathbf{A} - 15\mathbf{I}$  as required

$$b \quad \mathbf{A}^3 = 13\mathbf{A} - 15\mathbf{I}$$

Multiplying by  $\mathbf{A}^{-1}$  gives:

$$\mathbf{A}^3 \mathbf{A}^{-1} = 13\mathbf{A} \mathbf{A}^{-1} - 15\mathbf{I} \mathbf{A}^{-1}$$

$$\mathbf{A}^2 = 13\mathbf{I} - 15\mathbf{A}^{-1}$$

$$15\mathbf{A}^{-1} = 13\mathbf{I} - \mathbf{A}^2 \text{ as required}$$



$$7 \text{ c } 15\mathbf{A}^{-1} = 13\mathbf{I} - \mathbf{A}^2$$

$$= 13 \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -2 & 1 \\ -6 & 15 & -1 \\ 9 & -3 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 13 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 13 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 13 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -2 & 1 \\ -6 & 15 & -1 \\ 9 & -3 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 9 & 2 & -1 \\ 6 & -2 & 1 \\ -9 & 3 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{A}^{-1} = \frac{1}{15} \begin{pmatrix} 9 & 2 & -1 \\ 6 & -2 & 1 \\ -9 & 3 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$8 \text{ a } \mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 1 \\ 4 & 3 & -2 \\ 0 & 3 & -4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\det(\mathbf{A}) = \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 0 & 1 \\ 4 & 3 & -2 \\ 0 & 3 & -4 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= 2 \begin{vmatrix} 3 & -2 \\ 3 & -4 \end{vmatrix} + 0 \begin{vmatrix} 4 & -2 \\ 0 & -4 \end{vmatrix} + 1 \begin{vmatrix} 4 & 3 \\ 0 & 3 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= 2(-12 + 6) + 0(-8 - 0) + 1(12 - 0)$$

$$= -12 + 12$$

$$= 0$$

Therefore,  $\mathbf{A}$  is singular

8 b

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathbf{M} &= \left( \begin{array}{c|c|c} 3 & -2 & 4 \\ 3 & -4 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 3 & -4 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 3 & -2 & 1 \end{array} \right) \\
 &= \begin{pmatrix} -12+6 & -16-0 & 12-0 \\ 0-3 & -8-0 & 6-0 \\ 0-3 & -4-4 & 6-0 \end{pmatrix} \\
 &= \begin{pmatrix} -6 & -16 & 12 \\ -3 & -8 & 6 \\ -3 & -8 & 6 \end{pmatrix} \\
 \mathbf{C} &= \begin{pmatrix} -6 & 16 & 12 \\ 3 & -8 & -6 \\ -3 & 8 & 6 \end{pmatrix}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathbf{c} \quad \mathbf{C}^T &= \begin{pmatrix} -6 & 3 & -3 \\ 16 & -8 & 8 \\ 12 & -6 & 6 \end{pmatrix} \\
 \mathbf{AC}^T &= \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 1 \\ 4 & 3 & -2 \\ 0 & 3 & -4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -6 & 3 & -3 \\ 16 & -8 & 8 \\ 12 & -6 & 6 \end{pmatrix} \\
 &= \begin{pmatrix} -12+0+12 & 6+0-6 & -6+0+6 \\ -24+48-24 & 12-24+12 & -12+24-12 \\ 0+48-48 & 0-24+24 & 0+24-24 \end{pmatrix} \\
 &= \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}
 \end{aligned}$$

Therefore,  $\mathbf{AC}^T = \mathbf{0}$  as required.